# CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA 9-1-1 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS DISTRICT

# REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL FOR PROFESSIONAL CPA ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL AUDIT SERVICES

# INQUIRIES AND PROPOSALS SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO:

Kevin Jenkins
Executive Director
Calhoun County 9-1-1 District
507 Francis Street West
Jacksonville, Alabama 36265
kjenkins@911.calhouncountyal.gov

PROPOSALS ARE DUE BY JULY 17, 2024 AT 4:30 P.M.

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION.

- A. **Purpose**. This Request for Proposal (RFP) is for professional accounting and financial audit services to be provided to the **Calhoun County**, **Alabama 9-1-1 Emergency Communications District (CC911)**. The contract and/or engagement letter will effectively hire the selected Proposer to conduct an independent, third-party audit of the annual financial and accounting records of CC911.
- B. **Who May Respond**. Any Certified Public Accountant (CPA) currently licensed to practice in the **State of Alabama**, or professional accounting firms including such CPA personnel, are cordially invited to respond to this RFP.
- C. Instructions on Proposal Submission.
  - 1. Closing Submission Date. Proposals must be submitted no later than 4:30 pm on Wednesday, July 17, 2024.
  - 2. **Inquiries**. Any inquiries concerning this RFP should be directed to:

Kevin Jenkins
Executive Director
Calhoun County 9-1-1 District
507 Francis Street West
Jacksonville, Alabama 36265

E-mail is acceptable to: kjenkins@911.calhouncountyal.gov

- 3. **Conditions of Proposal**. All costs incurred in the preparation of a proposal responding to this RFP will be the responsibility of the Proposer and will not be reimbursed by the Calhoun County 9-1-1 District (hereinafter referred to as CC911).
- 4. **Instructions to Prospective Contractors**. Your proposal should be addressed as follows:

Calhoun County 9-1-1 District ATTN: Audit Proposal 507 Francis Street West Jacksonville, Alabama 36265

It is important that the proposal be submitted in a sealed envelope clearly marked in the lower left-hand corner with the following information:

# SEALED PROPOSAL For Financial Audit Services Delivery Required by July 17, 2024

The proposal should be mailed via United States Postal Service or a delivery courier. It is the responsibility of the Proposer to ensure that the proposal is received by CC911, by the date, time and in the manner specified above. Any late or unsealed proposals will not be considered.

- 5. **Right to Reject**. CC911 reserves the right to reject any and all proposals received in response to this RFP. A contract for the accepted proposal will be drafted based upon the factors described in this RFP.
- 6. **Notification of Award**. It is expected that a decision for selection of the successful proposal will be made within four (4) weeks of the closing date. Upon conclusion of final negotiations regarding the successful proposal, all other Proposers will be informed, in writing, of the name of the successful Proposer. It is expected the professional services contract will be awarded for a minimum of three (3) years (as determined by CC911).
- D. **Description of Entity**. The Calhoun County, Alabama 9-1-1 District consistently delivers the most reliable and effective emergency telecommunications in service of the citizens and first responders of Calhoun County. A legal and duly authorized Emergency Communications District (ECD) in the State of Alabama since 1986, CC911 is responsible for management, direction and oversight of the 24-7-365 operations and accountancy of Calhoun County's primary Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and our Cooperative/Regional Project 25 (P25) Communications System headquartered in Jacksonville, Alabama.

The ECD is administered by a seven (7) member Board of Commissioners, all of which are appointed to serve a four (4) year term. ECD Board Members are appointed by the Calhoun County Commission, an elected body serving on behalf of the People.

Our 9-1-1/Communications/Dispatch Operations Division serves more than 116,000 citizens and nearly 1,200 public safety officials in Calhoun County, Alabama by providing efficient and highly professional 9-1-1 call processing along with continuous law enforcement, fire and emergency medical (EMS) telecommunications services using advanced CAD/RMS/GIS/Radio platforms. Our communications center consistently processes 400-500 calls for service each day.

The Systems/Information Technology Services Division operates a regional P25 Land-Mobile Radio (LMR) Communications System serving the 24-7-365 interoperable and

mission-critical two-way radio/data requirements for public safety/first responders throughout Calhoun and Cherokee Counties, Alabama. The regional radio network includes 9 (nine) simulcast/multicast communications sites and 12 dispatch locations, interconnected with approximately 2,800 paid annual subscribers.

II. SCOPE OF SERVICES. CC911 seeks to retain the services of a certified public accountant or public accounting firm to conduct its annual, third-party accounting and financial audit(s). The period, for any given fiscal year, is October 1 to September 30. The first audit period will be FY2023. With satisfactory performance, CC911 will strongly consider using the same contractor and/or arrangement(s) to complete future year's audits.

The audit will perform an independent review of the financial statements, documents, data, and accounting entries. The purpose is to review and account for all balances, cash flow statements, income statements, balance sheets, tax returns, and internal control systems, etc.

For the purpose of describing the extent of the audit services to be performed, Calhoun County 9-1-1 handles:

- A. Number of accounts payable (average): 40 checks monthly;
- B. Number of accounts receivable (average): <u>120 invoices annually</u> with receivables posted at various intervals through the year;
- C. Payroll: <u>35 personnel</u>; <u>26 pay periods each year</u>.

For consideration in preparation of a proposal to CC911, we have included the most recent third-party annual audit report (FY2022). This is an example of the work and services to be performed by the prospective contractor.

The timeline for completion of the annual audit is negotiable. Ideally, the audit will be completed by the contractor within 120 days of the CC911's award of a professional services contract.

- **III. PROPOSAL CONTENTS.** The Proposer, in the response, shall as a minimum include the following:
  - A. **Accounting Experience**. The Proposer should describe its experience related to the areas outlined in the scope of services. Additionally, if applicable, provide a description of any experience advising organizations comparable to CC911 that offer similar programs and government-funded services.
  - B. Organization, Size, Structure, and Areas of Practice. The Proposer should describe its

organization in terms of the following:

- Size and organizational structure
- Number of employees and their responsibilities
- Areas of practice
- Office location(s)
- Small or minority-owned business
- C. **Accountant Qualifications**. The Proposer should separately attach a description of the qualifications of accountant(s) to be assigned. Descriptions should include:
  - 1. Resume
  - 2. Professional and education background of each accountant;
  - 3. Most up-to-date peer review letter;
  - 4. Overall supervision to be exercised;
  - 5. Prior experience of the accountant(s) with respect to required responsibilites. Additional relevant previous work experience with governmental operations, public safety or emergency communications will be strongly considered.
- D. **Fee(s)**. The Proposer's fee(s) for services should describe information on the hourly billing rates of the accountant(s) and/or other support staff who are expected to perform work. This should include any retainers (if any) and/or hourly billing rate(s) that would be charged to CC911. CC911 reserves the right to negotiate with the Proposer on the structure of the billing and/or retainer fee.

#### IV. PROPOSAL EVALUATION.

- A. **Submission of Proposals**. All proposals shall include two (2) original versions.
- B. **Evaluation Procedure and Criteria**. CC911's Executive Director and appropriate staff will review proposals and make recommendations to the Board of Commissioners for final approval. The Executive Director and/or Board of Commissioners may request a meeting with some qualified Proposers prior to final selection. Proposals will be reviewed in accordance with the following criteria:
  - 1. Proposed approach to scope of work;
  - 2. Level of experience of the individual(s) identified to work on this matter;
  - 3. The Proposer's experience with similar clients and accounting matters;
  - 4. Fee(s) or any other proposed costs for audit services;
  - 5. Interviews, if conducted.

### V. QUESTIONS.

Questions for the purpose of clarifying the RFP must be submitted **in writing by email** and must be received no later than **4:30 p.m. on Friday, July 5, 2024**. Questions must be emailed to Kevin Jenkins at <a href="mailto:kjenkins@911.calhouncountyal.gov">kjenkins@911.calhouncountyal.gov</a>. Questions and responses will be posted as "<a href="mailto:Addendum to the Calhoun County 9-1-1 District RFP for Financial Audit Services">Financial Audit Services</a>" on the CC911 website at <a href="http://www.calhoun911.org">http://www.calhoun911.org</a> by **4:30** <a href="mailto:p.m.">p.m.</a> on Wednesday, July **10, 2024**. Please note that submission of questions is not a factor for determination of a professional services contract through this RFP.

#### VI. GENERAL INFORMATION.

#### A. Contract Award

CC911 reserves the right to award a professional services contract in a manner deemed to be in the best interests of CC911.

# B. Stability of Proposed Prices

Any price offerings from Proposers must be valid for a period of 30 days from the due date of the proposals.

#### C. Amendment or Cancellation of the RFP

CC911 reserves the right to cancel, amend, modify, or otherwise change this RFP at any time if it deems it to be in the best interests of CC911.

#### D. Proposal Modifications

No additions or changes to any proposal will be allowed after the proposal due date, unless such modification is specifically requested by CC911. CC911, at its option, may seek Proposer retraction and clarification of any discrepancy or contradiction found during its review of proposals.

# E. Proposer Presentation of Supporting Evidence

Proposers must be prepared to provide any evidence of experience, performance, ability, and/or financial surety that CC911 deems necessary or appropriate to fully establish the performance capabilities represented in their proposals.

# F. Proposer Demonstration of Proposed Services and/or Products

Proposers must be able to confirm their ability to provide all proposed services.

### G. Ownership of Proposals

All proposals shall become the property of CC911 and will not be returned.

# **H.** Ownership of Subsequent Products

Any product, whether acceptable or unacceptable, developed under a contract awarded as the result of this RFP shall be the sole property of CC911 unless otherwise stated in the contract.

# I. Oral Agreement or Arrangements

Any alleged oral agreements or arrangements made by Proposers with CC911 will be disregarded in any proposal evaluation or associated award.

#### J. Not a Contract

This RFP is not a contract and, alone, shall not be interpreted as such. Rather, this RFP serves only as the instrument through which proposals are solicited. CC911 will pursue negotiations with the highest scoring proposal. If, for some reason, CC911 and the initial Proposer fail to reach consensus on the issues relative to a contract, then CC911 may commence contract negotiations with other Proposers. CC911 may decide at any time to start the RFP process again. The selected Proposer may be required to enter into a formal professional services contract.

#### L. Subcontractors

CC911 must approve any and all subcontractors utilized by the successful Proposer prior to any such subcontractor commencing any work. Proposers acknowledge by the act of submitting a proposal that any work provided under the contract is work conducted on behalf of CC911 and that the CC911 Executive Director or designee may communicate directly with any subcontractor as CC911 deems necessary or appropriate.

It is also understood that the successful Proposer shall be responsible for all payment of fees charged by the subcontractor(s). A performance evaluation of any subcontractor shall be provided promptly by the successful Proposer to CC911 upon request. The successful Proposer must provide the majority of services described in the specifications.

**GGPCPA** 

Gerald G. Pentecost, Jr., CPA

2331 Rainbow Drive, Suite A
Gadsden, Alabama 35901

(256)459-4310

Fax (866)268-3816

July 26, 2023

Calhoun County 911 District of Directors Calhoun County 911 District 507 Francis Street West Jacksonville, Alabama 36265

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Calhoun County 911 District for the year ended September 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 16, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the district are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Calhoun County 911 District implemented a new accounting policy for leasing arrangements. The new policy is outlined in Note 1 to the financial statement. We noted no transactions entered into by Calhoun County 911 District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the district's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the depreciation is based on useful lives of these assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no financial statements disclosures that were particularly sensitive.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following journal entries were material to the financial statements:

- The district had construction in process for the Microwave System/ IP Simulcast which resulted in a
  decrease in the capital outlays accounts of \$716,514 and an increase in the districts proprietary network
  and infrastructure account in the same amount.
- To record wages payable to actual Salaries were increased by \$15,238 and the wages payable was increased to record to actual. Long term compensated absences were increased by \$20,362 while current compensated absences were decreased by \$3,273.

 Deferred Outflows of resources was adjusted by \$13,581, which corresponded with a change in net pension liability by \$21,612 and deferred inflows by \$20,210. Pension expense was increased by \$12,179. This adjustment is related to the standard GASB 68.

As a part of our audit of leasing arrangements, we proposed an adjustment increasing leases receivable

by \$370,116 with a corresponding increase in deferred inflows related to leases.

 The depreciation account was decreased by \$287,461 to record depreciation expense to actual for the proprietary fund. This adjustment decreased expenses and would increase net income in the proprietary fund by the \$287,461.

The adjustment for unearned service fees was reclassified to Local user fees which resulted in an increase

in Local User Fee income of \$66,434.

# Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

# Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 26, 2023.

# Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Calhoun County 911 District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual, the Statement of Changes in Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employer Contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Calhoun County 911 District of Directors and management of Calhoun County 911 District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gerald G. Pentecost, Jr. CPA

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# DRAFT

For Discussion Purposes Only

CALHOUN COUNTY 91/00/ISTRICT hange JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022** 

GERALD G. PENTECOST, JR., CPA



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# DRAFT

For Discussion Purposes Only Subject To Change

**FINANCIAL SECTION** 



Gerald G. Pentecost, Jr., CPA

2331 Rainbow Drive, Suite A Gadsden, Alabama 35901 (256)459-4310 Fax (866)268-3816

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of The Calhoun County 911 District Jacksonville, Alabama

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County 911 District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Calhoun County 911 District's basic financial statements against in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County 911 District, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Calhoun County 911 District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Calhoun County 911 District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Calhoun County 911 District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 36 – 38, the schedule of changes in net pension liability on page 39, and the schedule of employer contributions on page 40, as well as the notes to the required supplementary information on page 41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not

express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Calhoun County 911 District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the statements in an appropriate operational, cooling information basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Purposes Only

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Calhoun County 911 District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gerald G. Pentecost, Jr., CPA Gadsden, Alabama July 26, 2023

### Calhoun County 911 District Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Totals

### ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

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ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Unrestricted Receivables - Net of Allowance For Bad Debts Interfund Receivables/Payables Prepaid Expenses Current Portion of Leases Receivable Total Current Assets	\$	777,981 183,603 1,146,073 12,271 2,119,928	\$ Disci	1,056,229 93,710 (1,146,073) 455,071 190,75,612	\$ F7	1,834,210 277,313 84,017
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation); Non-Depreciable Assets Building Improvements Network and Infrastructure Office Fixtures Computers Communications Radio Vehicles Other Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Net	i Secondario	355,670 - 161,332 432,185 4,956,770 35,605 215,028 80,515 (4,514,662) 1,722,443		719,094 17,289,925 2,448,041 8,477,435 (27,440,515) 1,493,980	uan	719,094 355,670 17,289,925 2,609,373 432,185 4,956,770 8,513,040 215,028 80,515 (31,955,177) 3,216,423
Leases Receivable (Net of Current Portion)	-			370,116		370,116
TOTAL ASSETS		3,842,371		1,939,708		5,782,079
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		377,464		59,003		436,467
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	4,219,835	\$	1,998,711	\$	6,218,546
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OF RESOURCES	\$ WS OF		\$		-	6,218,546 163,552 42,092 9,125 413,785 - 628,554
Current Liabilities: Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities Accrued Compensated Balances - Current Current Portion of Long-term Debt Other Current Liabilities		88,905 38,731 9,125 413,785	\$	74,647 3,361	ON	163,552 42,092 9,125 413,785
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLO  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities Accrued Compensated Balances - Current Current Portion of Long-term Debt Other Current Liabilities Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Accrued Compensated Balances - Non-current Net Pension Liability Long-term Debt, Net of Current Portion		88,905 38,731 9,125 413,785 550,546 92,174 145,627 430,419	\$	74,647 3,361 - - 78,008 12,100 22,764	ON	163,552 42,092 9,125 413,785 - 628,554 104,274 168,391 430,419
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLO  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities:  Accounts Payable  Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities  Accrued Compensated Balances - Current  Current Portion of Long-term Debt  Other Current Liabilities  Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities:  Accrued Compensated Balances - Non-current  Net Pension Liability  Long-term Debt, Net of Current Portion  Total Noncurrent Liabilities		88,905 38,731 9,125 413,785 - 550,546 92,174 145,627 430,419 668,220	\$	74,647 3,361 	ON	163,552 42,092 9,125 413,785 - 628,554 104,274 168,391 430,419 703,084
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLO  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities Accrued Compensated Balances - Current Current Portion of Long-term Debt Other Current Liabilities Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Accrued Compensated Balances - Non-current Net Pension Liability Long-term Debt, Net of Current Portion Total Noncurrent Liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES		88,905 38,731 9,125 413,785 - 550,546 92,174 145,627 430,419 668,220 1,218,766	\$	74,647 3,361 	ON	163,552 42,092 9,125 413,785 - 628,554 104,274 168,391 430,419 703,084 1,331,638

					Program Revenues	venues			Net (	(Expenses), Revenues Changes in Net Assets	Net (Expenses), Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	p.	
Functions:	ш	Expenses	ြည့် လူလ	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	g pus	Capital Grants and Contributions	ا ا	Governmental Activities	Busine Activ	Business-type Activities	Total	fai
Governmental Activities													
General Government Public Safety - Emergency Communications	↔	435,693 2,945,060	↔	743,949	↔		€	<i>€</i>	308,256 (2,945,060)	↔	ř.	\$ (2)	308,256 (2,945,060)
Total Governmental Activities	69	3,380,753	69	743,949	w		€	Ī.	(2,636,804)		r	(2)	(2,636,804)
Business-type Activities NEARCS Total Business-type Activities		616,086		850,067 850,067		.].					233,981		233,981 233,981
Total Activities	69	3,996,839	ь	1,594,016	ь		₩.	.1	(2,636,804)		233,981	(2)	(2,402,823)
					General Revenues	ennes							
					Public Service Taxes	vice Tax	SS		2,343,775		((0))	2	2,343,775
					Lease Revenue	venue			j.		51,869		51,869
					Miscellaneous Income	sous Inco	ше		r		907		()
					Interfund Transfers	Transfers			k		N		į)
					Investment Earnings	nt Earning	2		6,198		26,180		32,378
					Interest Expense	хрепзе			(49,992)				(49,992)
					Total General Revenues	al Revent	sər	I	2,299,981		78,049	2	2,378,030
					Change in Net Position	Position			(336,823)		312,030		(24,793)
					Net Position - Beginning of Year	Seginning	of Year		2,924,080		1,139,008	4	4,063,088
					Net Position - End of Year	ind of Ye	a	losli	\$ 2,587,257	69	1,451,038	8	4,038,295

# **Calhoun County 911 District** Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balances - Governmental Fund lances - Government September 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 777,981
Cash Prepaid Expenses Acounts Receivable Interfund Receivable	12,271 183,603
Acounts Receivable Interfund Receivable	1,146,073
	\$ 2,119,928
TOTAL ASSETS	φ 2,119,920
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	2
Curent Liabilities	88,905
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities	38,731
Total Current Liabilities	127,636
TOTAL LIABILITIES	127,636
FUND EQUITY	
Nonspendable	12,271 1,980,021
Unassigned	
Total Fund Equity	1,992,292
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 2,119,928
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,992,292
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,722,443
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position:	(945,503)
	•
Net Pension Liability, deferred inflows and deferred outflows, not reported in the funds	(181,975)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	2,587,257

# Calhoun County 911 District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

REVENUES		
Alabama 911 Board Revenue	\$	2,343,775
Dispatch Service Fees		711,034
OtherRevenue		32,915
OtherRevenue	The second	
Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES  Personnel  Contractual		3,087,724
EXPENDITURES Subject To	ses Onl	1
Personnel	lüe	2,102,658
Contractual	3 4	51,857
Equipment Repair and Maintenance		412,364
Office		61,543
Utilities		66,967
Professional Development		25,233
Occcupancy		49,099
Automobile		84,856
Other		56,212
Otilei		
Total Operational Expenditures		2,910,789
Operating Income		176,935
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interest Income		6,198
		=
Interfund Transfers		(397,794)
Principal Repayment on Long-Term Debt		(91,197)
Capital Outlay		(49,992)
Interest Expense	-	(10,002)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(532,785)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES		(355,850)
OTELL EVI ELISIONES		0.040.440
Beginning Fund Balances		2,348,142
Ending Fund Balances	\$	1,992,292

### **CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Government Funds	\$	(355,850)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This variance is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital expenditures	)SE IGE	s Only (265,561)
Government funds report the issuance of debt as a source of funds, and the repayment of debt as a use of funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the issuance of debt is reported as a liability and the repayment of debt as a reduction of the same liability. This reconciling amount is the amount of principal reduction on debt as no new debt was issued		397,794
Expenditures related to the accrual of compensated absences for employees are limited only to those using current financial resources, while expenditures are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred. Compensated absences increased from \$88,470 in the prior year to \$101,299		(12,829)
Net pension liability, deferred inflows an deferred outflows, not reported in the funds		(100,377)

Changes in Net Position of Government Activities

\$ (336,823)

# CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT Statement of Net Position - NEARCS (Proprietary Fund) September 30, 2022

# ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

ASSETS	
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalent - Unrestricted Receivables - Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts Prepaid Expenses	\$ 1,056,229 93,710 71,746 1,221,685
Total Current Assets  Non-Current Assets	4/5/
Total Current Assets  Non-Current Assets Capital Assets Land Construction In Process Network and Infrastructure Radios Equipment Total Capital Assets	2,580 716,514/ 7,289,925 8,477,435 2,448,041 28,934,495
Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	27,440,515 1,493,980
Leases Receivable	370,116
TOTAL ASSETS	3,085,781
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	59,003
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,144,784
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET PO	OSITION
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	74,647 1,146,073 3,361 1,224,081
Non-current Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Total Non-current Liabilities	12,100 22,764 34,864
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,258,945
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	434,801
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	1,493,980 (42,942) 1,451,038
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 3,144,784

# CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - NEARCS (Proprietary Fund) For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES  Lease Revenue Local User Fees Regional User Fees Service Fees Patch Fees Total Operating Revenues  OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 51,869 846,773 For Discussion Pure 3,294 Subject To Change
Personnel Services Contractual Services Radio Equipment and Maintenance Office Expenses Utilities Building and Building Maintenance Training and Education Automobile Depreciation Liability Insurance Total Operating Expenses	201,476 900 304,892 20,516 5,009 2,973 759 6,246 73,315
OPERATING INCOME	285,850
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE) Interfund Transfers Miscellaneous Income Interest Income	- - 26,180
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expense)	26,180
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	312,030
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,139,008
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,451,038

# CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows - NEARCS (Proprietary Fund) For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users Payments for Employees Payroll and Benefits Payments to Suppliers Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Cash Flows from Capital Related Investing Activities Payments made for Construction in Process	Olscussion Pu Subject To Ci	\$	916,960 (185,603) (320,898) 410,459
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Interest earned on deposits Proceeds from (Loans to) other funds Other Non-Capital Financing Activities Net Cash Used by Non-Capital Financing Activities		)an <sub>i</sub>	26,180 516,578 - 542,758
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	,		236,703
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents			819,526
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	1	\$	1,056,229
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Liabilities (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		\$	285,850 73,315 15,024 13,581 20,210 (21,612) 3,694 (13,229) 33,626
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		<u>\$</u>	410,459

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Calhoun County 911 District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards District is the accepted standardsetting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the District are described below. Discussion Pun

Reporting Entity

The Calhoun County 911 District (District) was established by resolution of the Calhoun County Commission under the provisions of Act 84-369, Acts of Alabama. The District was established by the Commission on November 10, 1986 for the purpose of linking, via a single primary three-digit number, persons in Calhoun County in need of emergency assistance with the appropriate emergency response provider (i.e. police, fire and ambulance agencies). The District is a public authority and is a political and legal subdivision of the State of Alabama.

The District complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District and its component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. A component unit is included in the District's reporting entity if it is both fiscally dependent on the District (the primary government) and there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

### Basic Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting on the District's major funds). Both the governmentwide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the District as a whole, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards District (GASB) Statement No. 34.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and businesstype activities columns (1) are presented by column, and (2) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and other obligations.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- A. Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)
  - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the District's services. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.
- B. Fund Financial Statements The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

#### Government Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The District's sole governmental fund is its general fund. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds apply Financial Accounting Standards District (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles District (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB, in which case GASB prevails. The District reports a single proprietary fund.

The District's proprietary fund, NEARCS, includes the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to: (1) the operation and management of the radio/alert notification and communication system for the users within the District (fire, medical, and law enforcement agencies), and (2) services offered with regard to direct dispatch of emergency personnel. Costs are financed through charges to customers. Rates are reviewed regularly and adjusted, if necessary.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus refers to the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement applied.

- A. Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Public service taxes are reported as collected by the assessing and collecting (state) government. Other non-exchange revenues are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.
- B. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

A. Investments - For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, or short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits, savings accounts, cash on hand, or short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the federal government and certificates of deposits offered by federally insured banking institutions. Investments for the District are stated at fair market value.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

- B. Receivables and Payables Revenue for user fees are billed in advance on a quarterly, semi-annual or annual basis and are recognized over the period of service. Accounts receivable consist of uncollected billings for services for which service periods have expired. Management evaluates the listing of accounts receivable at the end of each fiscal year and books an allowance for uncollectible accounts.
- C. *Prepaid Items* Insurance premiums, maintenance contracts, and tower leases are paid annually, recorded as prepaid expenses, and are amortized each month.
- D. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed, or estimated historical cost if inadequate records are available to determine the actual cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	25-40
Network and Infrastructure	7-25
Office Fixtures and Computers	5-10
Communications, Radio and Other Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5

E. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resource - In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for Deferred Inflows of Resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as in inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

F. Compensated Absences – The District follows Governmental Accounting Standards District Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, which requires that accrued liabilities for future vacations and sick leave be recorded to the extent the future leaves (1) relate to the right attributable to employee services already rendered, (2) relate to rights that vest or accumulate, (3) where payment is probable and (4) where amounts can be reasonably estimated. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. Amounts that would normally be paid with expendable and available financial resources are recorded in current liabilities, and the remaining amounts are considered non-current. Amounts paid or payable within sixty days are deemed to be payable from expendable financial resources.

Full-time employees are awarded annual leave as of the first day of the fiscal year. The amount of leave is awarded at various rates (between 40 and 280 hours per year) based on their length of service. The maximum allowed accumulation of annual leave also varies based upon length of service, but ranges from 40 to 280 hours. Excess accumulated annual leave is paid at the employee's normal rate of pay. Upon resignation or termination, all unused leave is paid to employees who separate in good standing.

Full-time employees accrue 91 hours sick leave as of the first day of each fiscal year. As of year-end, unused sick leave may be carried forward to the next year up to a maximum accumulation of 571 hours. Upon separation of service, employees are not eligible for a payment for unused sick leave accrued. However, upon retirement, employees may use sick leave for additional retirement credit.

- G. *Encumbrances* The District does not use an encumbrance account as part of their formal accounting system.
- H. Long-term Obligations In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, long-term debt is not reported as a liability. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt are reported as debt service expenditures.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

I. Net Position/Fund Equity

Government-wide Financial Statements - Net position is reported in the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified into the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted - Constraints imposed on net assets by external creditors, grantors, contributors, law or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by the District.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund equity is reported in the fund financial statement. GASB 54 distinguishes fund balance between:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form (i.e. inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term loans and notes receivable, property held for resale) or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e. the corpus or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - Amounts that are constrained for a specific purpose through restrictions of external parties, (i.e. creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, pursuant to the definition of "restricted" in paragraph 34 of GASB 34, as amended by GASB 46 (Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation).

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained for a specific purpose imposed by *formal action* of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. amounts that have been committed by governing body legislation, ordinances, or resolution for a specific purpose, such as an amount from specific park and recreation revenues committed by governing body resolution to be used only for park maintenance).

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

1. Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance - Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (1) the governing body itself or (2) a body (i.e. a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes (i.e. the amounts are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, such as amounts set aside by management to fund a projected deficit in a subsequent year's budget).

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - The residual classification for the government's general fund. It includes all amounts that are not constrained as reported in the other classifications.

Restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered as spent when expenditures are incurred for the purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. It is the District's policy to use funds in the following order when the expenditure meets the criteria for more than one fund: restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned funds.

# Revenues and Expenditures

#### A. Revenues

**General Revenues** - The primary general revenues for the Calhoun County 911 District are taxes collected by the State of Alabama.

**Program Revenues** - Program revenues for the District consist of charges for radio and dispatch services

B. Expenditures/Expenses - In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Inter-fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as operating transfers.

On

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide statements. Balances between the governmental funds are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

# Proprietary Fund Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary fund (NEARCS) is derived from charges to customers for use of the emergency radio system and for services related to direct dispatch. Operating expenses include the cost of operating and maintaining the infrastructure, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Risk Management

The District is exposed to normal business risk in the course of operations. Commercial insurance is purchased by the District to cover any normal, insurable loss up to policy limits. During the past three years, there have been no losses which exceeded insured amounts.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement

For 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards District (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lesson is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the District's 2022 and 2021 financial statements and had an effect on the beginning net position. The District recognized \$370,116 in leases receivable and deferred inflows of \$370,116 for tower leases.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had the following effect on net position as reported September 30, 2021:

Net Position September 30, 2021	\$ 4,063,088
Adjustments:	
Lease receivable	414,330
Deferred inflows - leases	(414,330)
Restated Net Position September 30, 2021	\$ 4,063,088

# NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds includes a reconciliation between *Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds* and *Net Position of Governmental Activities* reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	101,299
Long-term Debt		844,204
Net adjustment to reduce Total Fund Balance - Governmental	i	
Funds to arrive at Net Assets of Governmental Activities		945,503

# NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# **Budgetary Information**

Formal integration of budgets is used as a management control device during the year. The District approves and annual operating budget annually. Unused appropriations for the annually budgeted SCUSSION Purposes Only funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District maintains a level of control at the department level. The following major categories had expenditures exceeding appropriations as of September 30, 2022:

_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Personnel Administrative	894,442	988,767	(94,325)
Selective Routing	77,000	231,022	(154,022)
Telephone Equipment and Main	6,001	10,457	(4,456)

Budgeted revenues were more than actual revenues by \$74,681. Actual total expenditures for the District were less that its budgeted total expenditures by \$690,978. Net actual other income (expense) exceeded its total budgeted other income by \$25,064.

# NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of September 30, 2022, cash in the governmental fund includes amounts totaling \$777,981 in demand deposits. Cash in the proprietary fund consists of demand deposits totaling \$1,056,229

The District's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the Code of Alabama, 1975, Section 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program, all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace those deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.

All District deposits as of September 30, 2022 are held in a certified qualified public depository.

(Continued)

# NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The District's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at the end of the year. The categories are described as follows:

Category 1 – Insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Category 2 – Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial control of the District's name.

At September 30, 2022, all deposits of the District were insured by the FDIC or included in the SAFE program (Category 2).

# NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of September 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Governmental Fund	Proprietary Fund	Total
Receivable for Radio Services Taxes Receivable	\$ :=- 183,603	\$ 92,919 -	\$ 92,919 183,603
Total	\$ 183,603	\$ 92,919	\$ 276,522

#### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003, are not reported in the financial statements.

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$435,693 was charged to the governmental fund and \$73,315 was charged to the proprietary fund.

(Continued)

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental Activities	Balance 9/30/2021	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance <u>9/30/2022</u>
Depreciable Assets Building Improvements Office Fixtures Computers Communications Radio Equipment Vehicles Other Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 355,670 151,436 350,883 4,956,777 35,605 163,441 80,515 6,094,327 (4,106,319)	\$ - 9,896 81,297 - - 78,935  170,128 (435,693)	(27,349) (27,349) (27,349)	\$ 355,670 \$ 432,180 7// 4,956,777 35,605 215,027 80,515 6,237,106 (4,514,663)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,988,008	\$ (265,565)	\$ -	\$ 1,722,443
Business-type Activities  Capital Assets not Depreciated  Land  Construction in Process	Balance <u>9/30/2021</u> \$ 2,580	<u>Additions</u> - 716,514	<u>Deletions</u> - -	Balance 9/30/2022 \$ 2,580 716,514
Depreciable Assets Network and Infrastructure Office Fixtures Computers Radio Other Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 17,289,925 105,430 1,561,225 8,477,435 781,386 28,215,401 (27,367,200)	\$ - - - - 716,514 (73,315)	\$ -	\$ 17,289,925 105,430 1,561,225 8,477,435 781,386 28,215,401 (27,440,515)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 848,201	\$ 643,199	\$ -	\$ 1,493,980

# NOTE 7 - INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

The composition of inter-fund balances as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund

Governmental Fund \$ 1,146,073 \$1,146,073 Proprietary Fund

There were no inter-fund transfers in (out) for the year ended September 30, 2022.

# NOTE 8 - ACCRUED ANNUAL LEAVE

Annual leave accrued at year-end includes \$104,573 in the general fund, and \$12,100 in the proprietary fund. The District has accrued a liability for annual leave which has been earned but not taken by District employees. All unused annual leave is accrued in the government-wide financial statements when earned by the employee.

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On June 27, 2013 the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Motorola Solutions, Inc. for the acquisition of equipment and software. The agreement, which bears interest at 4.02%, calls for ten annual payments of \$447,722 beginning July 1, 2015. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers to the District at the end of the lease period. Therefore, on the government-wide financial statements, the lease is recorded as a liability and the underlying assets are recorded as fixed assets at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the lease.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2022:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30,		
2023		447,722
2024		447,722
Total Minimum Lease Payments		895,444
Less Amount Representing Interest		51,240
Portion of Future Minimum Lease		
Payment Representing Principal		844,204

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

## Plan Description:

The District contributes to the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agent multipleemployer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the various state agencies and departments.

The Employees' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1945 under the provisions of Act 515, Acts of Alabama 1945, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for State employees, State police, and on an elective basis to all cities, counfies and quasi-public organizations.

The responsibility for general administration and operation of the Employees' Retirement System is vested in the District of Control. The ERS District of Control consists of 13 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). Title 36-Chapter 27 of the Code of Alabama grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the ERS District of Control.

The Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA) issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Retirement Systems of Alabama, and may be procured by contacting the Alabama RSA at <a href="https://www.rsa-al.gov">www.rsa-al.gov</a>.

## Plan Description (Continued):

The ERS District of Control consists of thirteen (13) trustees as follows:

- 1. The Governor, ex officio.
- 2. The State Treasurer, ex officio.
- 3. The State Personnel Director, ex officio.
- 4. The State Director of Finance, ex officio.
- 5. Three vested members of ERS appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, no two of whom are from the same department of state government nor form any department of which an ex officio trustee is the head.
- 6. Six members of the ERS who are elected by members from the same category of ERS for a term of four years as follows:
  - a. Two retired members with one from the ranks of retired state employees and one from the ranks of retires employees of a city, county or a public agency, each of whom is an active beneficiary of ERS.
  - b. Two vested active state employees.
  - c. Two vested active employees of an employer that is participating in ERS pursuant to Code Section 36-27-6.

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

### Benefits Provided:

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability death benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the ERS. Benefits for ERS members vest after ten (10) years of creditable service. State employees who retire after age sixty (60), or age fifty-two (52) for State Police, with ten (10) years or more of creditable service or with twenty-five (25) years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Local employees who retire after age sixty (60) with ten (10) years or more of creditable service or with twenty-five (25) or thirty (30) years of service (regardless of age), depending on the particular entity's election, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum of a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (three highest of the last ten (10) years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing this formula.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 ERS members are eligible for retirement after age sixty-two (62) or age fifty-six (56) for State Police, with ten (10) years or more of creditable service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of ERS (except State Police) are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest five of the last ten years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.375% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have ten (10) years creditable service, are currently in-service, and are determined by the RSA Medical District to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Pre-retirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

## NOTE 10- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

## Benefits Provided (Continued):

The ERS serves approximately 853 local participating employers. The ERS membership includes approximately 101,245 participants. As of September 30, 2021, the District's membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	6
Vested inactive members	0
Non-vested inactive members	26
Active members	31
Total	63
	Subject Purposi
Required and Made:	946)9ct

## Contributions Required and Made:

Covered members of the ERS contributed five percent 5% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, Tier 1 covered members of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7.5% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 8.5% of earnable compensation. ERS local participating employers are not required by the state to increase contribution rates for their members. The District elected not to increase the employee contribution rate as provided by Act 2011-676.

Tier 2 covered members of the ERS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. These contribution rates are the same for Tier 2 covered members of ERS local participating employers.

The ERS establishes rates based upon an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability, the pre-retirement death benefit and administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the District's average contribution rate to fund the normal and accrued liability costs was 3.36%

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

## Contributions Required and Made (Continued):

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 9.96% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees and 10.52% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. These required contribution rates are based upon the actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2018, a percent of annual pensionable payroll, and actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the System were \$71,001 the year ended September 30, 2022.

## Net Pension Liability:

The District's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 rolled forward to September 30, 2021 using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

Total Pension Liability As of September 30, 2020 (a)	\$3,294,479
Discount Rate (b)	7.45%
Entry Age Normal Cost for October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020 (c) Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience (d)	\$ 103,376 \$ -
Transfers Among Employers (e)	\$ 32,411
Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020 (f)	\$ (141,200)
Total Pension Liability As of September 30, 2020 [(a) x (1+(b))] + (c) + (d)+(e)[(f) x (1+0.5*(b))]	<u>\$ 3,504,154</u>

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using these actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 5.00%
Investment rate of return*	7.70% Net of pension plan
	investment expense, including
	inflation.

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability (Continued):

Mortality rates for the ERS were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment of 125% at all ages for males and 120% for females at ages on and after age 78. The rates of mortality for the period after disability retirement are according to the sex distinct RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2021 with an adjustment of 130% at all ages for females.

adjustment of 130% at all ages for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2019 calculation were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience based on participant data as of September 30, 2017, completed by RSA and its actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by the System, are as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income	17.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	10.10%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash Equivalents	3.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.5%

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability (Continued):

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was the long-term rate of return, 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the ERS District of Control. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Changes in Net Pension Liability:

		(a)	 (b)		(a-b)
Balances at 09/30/2020	\$	3,294,479	\$ 3,027,524	\$	266,955
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		103,376	2=		103,376
Interest		248,239	Œ		248,239
Changes of benefit term		134,216	(1.00)		134,216
Changes of assumptions		171,536	li i		171,536
Difference betweed expected and					
actual experience		61,097			61,097
Contributions - Employer		=	51,605		(51,605)
Contributions - Employee		-	89,523		(89,523)
Net investment income		=	675,900		(675,900)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(141,200)	(141,200)		-
Transfers among employers		32,411	 32,411	_\$	
Net Changes		609,675	708,239		(98,564)
Balances at 9/30/2021	-	3,904,154	\$ 3,735,763	<u></u> \$	168,391

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following table presents the District's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%), or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

		1%	Current	1%
	D	ecrease	Rate	Increase
		6.45%	7.45%	8.45%
Plan's net pension liability	\$	756,979	\$ 168,391	\$ (315,657)

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available to the public in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 68 Report for the ERS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report which is dated April 22, 2022 on the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer and accompanying notes is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions: For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$101,219. At September 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension of the following sources:

		eferred	D	eferred
	Οι	tflows of	ln:	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	201,675	\$	209,204
Changes of assumptions		163,791		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		:( <b>=</b> )		269,293
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	!			
measurement date		71,001		(2)
Total	\$	436,467	\$	478,497

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

September 30:	
2023	75,828
2024	(16,579)
2025	(80,968)
2026	(69,826)
2027	42,008
Thereafter	7,507

## NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

# Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows between Expected and Actual Experience

ance	Inflows (b) + (d)-	(f)	€ \$	\$ 47,512	į. 4Ω	\$161,692	11	π 4	HE	\$209,204
Ending Balance Deferred Defe	Oufflows (a) + (c) -	1	51,513	ì	47,939	ő	26,879	75,614	N	201,945
	0 3		↔	↔	↔	↔	€>	↔	↔	69
Amounts Recognized in Pension	Expense/ Deferred	Inflow	£	10,798	ī	47,556	ŧ	ä	¥	
Re A	ШΩ		↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	
Amounts Recognized in Pension	Expense/ Deferred	Outflow	9,584	â	9,783	ř	11,201	50,409	ı	
Rec	ЩČ		↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	<del>()</del>	
	Gains/ Deferred	Inflows	200	а	31	1	a	Ke	3	î
	De			↔	↔	<del>()</del>	↔	↔	↔	₩
	Losses/ Deferred	Outflows	61,097	1	1		t		ű	61,097
	70			↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	ω
				58,310	r:	\$209,248	à	Ê	ā	\$267,558
	Inflows	↔	↔	↔		↔	↔	↔	1 11	
	Amortization Deferred		3.	i	57,722	ğ	38,080	126,023	X.	221,825
	ב	Outflows	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	₩
	Period	6.2	6.4	7.9	7.4	7.4	7.5	5.9		
	ins/	D ≥ C	ī.	8 69,108	ï	916	i	à	10	
' à <u>'</u> ±	of Gains/	Inflow				\$351,916	₩	↔	↔	
	of Losses/	Outflow	61.097	ŧ	77,288	ij	82,884	378,068	13,552	
<u>;</u>	of L		69	· <del>69</del>	₩	69	€)	↔	↔	
		Үеаг	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	Total

# Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows for Differences from Assumption Changes

	ï				10								r	
	ce	Deferred	Inflows	-(p) + (q)	Đ		ï	i	ű	Ě	•	Ĺ	13	
	salan	ă	느	<u>අ</u>			↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	မာ	
	Ending Balance	Deferred	Outflows	(a) + (c) -	(e)		143,869	ğ	ı	8,497	į	11,425	\$ 163,791	
							↔	↔	<del>()</del>	₩.	↔	↔	₩	
Amounts	Recognized	in Pension	Expense/	Deferred	Inflow		1	The state of	THE STATE OF THE S	T.	A STATE OF THE STA	Service Control	A STATE OF THE STA	
Amo	Reco	in Pe	EXD	Def	Įů.	ne S	G( 6)	.IS \$10	S (	\$	e S	8	oos	ses Only
Amounts	Recognized	in Pension	Expense/	Deferred	Outflow		27,667	I.	ľ	2,499	S.7 3	7,619		4
Ą	Rec	.E	Щ	ă			↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔		
			Gains/	Deferred	Inflows		1.	į.	ĕ	ij	ij	Ü	*	
			υ	ă	r		↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	6	
			osses/	Deferred	Outflows		171,536	ī	Υ	EB: (	<b>T</b> ©	81	171,536	32
				Ω	0		↔	↔	₩	↔	↔	↔	₩	
				Deferred	Inflows		1	3	Ä	Ë	£	1		
				ă	드		↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	မ	
				Deferred	Outflows		£	Ĩ	ă	10,996	ì	19,044	30,040	
							↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	₩	
		ď		Amortization	Period		6.2	6.4	7.9	7.4	7.4	7.5		
		Balance	of Gains/	Deferred	Inflow		į	į	20	t	a	Е		
			of	Def			↔	· <del>(/)</del>	· <del>(/)</del>	↔	↔	₩		
		nitial Balance Initial Balance	of Losses/	Deferred	Outflow		171,536		ı	18,493	<b>%</b>	57,139		
		n iţi	, <u>c</u>	5 -			θ		₩	↔	₩	↔		
					Year		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	Total	

## Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2022 (Continued) Calhoun County 911 District

# NOTE 10 -- EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

## Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows for Differences in Investment Expenses

												Amc	Amounts	Amc	Amounts				
												Reco	Recognized	Reco	Secognized		Ending Balance	alance	4
	Initial Balanco	Initial Balancınitial Balance	a)									in Pe	in Pension	in Pe	in Pension	Def	Deferred	Defe	Deferred
	of Losses/	of Losses/ of Gains/						Losses/	es/	Gains/	ls/	ЖĎ	Expense/	EXP	Expense/	Out	Jufflows	ĮuĮ	Inflows
	Deferred	Deferred	Amortization	Δ	Deferred	Deferred	теф	Deferred	rred	Deferred	red	Def	Deferred	Def	Deferred	(a)	(a) + (c) -	(a)	-(p) + (q)
Year	Oufflow		Period	0	Outflows	Inflows	WS	Outflows	SWC	Inflows	WS	ō	Outflow	Ξ	Inflow		(e)		£)
2021	-	102	5	€	1	€9-		69	,	\$ 441,536	536	€9-		€9	88,307	↔		\$ 35	353,229
2020	\$ 57,069	· <del>69</del>	Ŋ	↔	45,655	€9	1	↔		€9	,	↔	11,414	↔		€9	34,241	↔	ă.
2019	\$ 143,273	, <del>()</del>	5	↔	85,963	↔	ι	↔	ı	<del>69</del>	,	↔	28,655	↔	,	€>	57,308	↔	000
2018	€	\$ 38,065	Ŋ	↔	74	\$ 15,	15,226	↔	1	69	1	↔	90	↔	7,613	↔	w	↔	7,613
2017	. ↔	\$ 115,065	5	↔	592	\$ 23	23,013	↔		↔	,	₩.	×	\$	23,013	↔	×	↔	×
Total				↔	131,618	\$ 38,239	,239	69		\$ 441	441,536				"	89	91,549	\$ 36	\$ 360,842
				Net [	Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	etween	projecte	d and	actual	arning	s on in	/estm	ents				0	\$ 26	269,293

## Summary of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Total	4,827	(16,579)	(896'08)	(69,826)	42,008	7,507	\$ (113,031)		
2021	(88,307)	(88,307)	(88,307)	(88,308)	×	(*)	\$ (353,229) \$		
2020	11,414	11,414	11,413	€	*	8	\$ 34,241		
2019	28,655	28,653	nga O			State of the state	\$ 57,308	3.5	
2018	(7,613)	)isc Su	jus bje	sic ict	on To	P <sub>j</sub> u n C	\$ (7,613)	oses nge	Only
2021	27,667	27,667	27,667	27,667	27,667	5,534	143,869		
Assumption Changes 2018	2,499	2,499	2,499	1,000	*ï	*	\$ 8,497 \$		
Assum 2016	7,619	3,806	9		25	<u>.</u>	\$ 11,425		
2021	9,854	9,854	9,854	9,854	9,854	1,973	\$ 51,243		33
2020	(10,798)	(10,798)	(10,798)	(10,798)	(4,320)	È	\$ (47,512)		
2019	9,783	9,783	9,783	9,783	8,807	•,	\$ 47,939		
2018	(47,556)	(47,556)	(47,556)	(19,024)		ě	(161,692)		
srience 2017	11,201	11,201	4,477	٠	Ĭ	<u>(*</u>	\$ 26,879 \$		
Actual and Expected Experience 2015	50,409	25,205	• 1	į	٠	114	\$ 75,614		
Actual and 2015	æ		.5	*:	Ĭ	Ü	8		
Year	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter	Total		

## NOTE 11 – OPERATING LEASES

The District leases its operating and administrative facilities from the Calhoun County Commission under a 99 year lease agreement. Rent is due under the agreement at the rate of \$1 annually. The District is also required to reimburse the landlord for a pro-rata share of the total utility and maintenance expenses (referred to as "Facility Cost Share") at the rate of 70% of the operating costs of the Emergency Operations Center. These operating costs paid by the Calhoun County 911 District Discussion Purposes Only for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$51,082. Subject To Change

## NOTE 12 - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

On April 8, 2014, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on May 8, 2014. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$2,000, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 4 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount \$2,000 as stated in the agreement. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 30 days advance written notice.

On April 7, 2020, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on May 7, 20202. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$500, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 2 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount increases as stated in the agreement. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 90 days advance written notice.

On December 18, 2019, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on January 18, 2019. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$480, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 2 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount increases as stated in the agreement. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 90 days advance written notice.

On December 21, 2018, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on January 21, 2018. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$842, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 2 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount increases as stated in the agreement. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 6 months advance written notice.

On July 1, 2016, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on August 1, 2016. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$225, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 2 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount increases as stated in the agreement. The options for the first extension has been exercised. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 6 months advance written notice.

## NOTE 12 - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS- (Continued)

On September 1, 2016, the District entered into a five-year lease agreement to lease space on its tower beginning on October 1, 2016. The terms of this agreement include a fixed annual payment of \$450, payable in 12 monthly increments for the first 5 years. The agreement allowed for options to renew for 2 additional 5 year terms with the annual rent amount increases as stated in the agreement. The options for the first extension has been exercised. A termination of the lease agreement is possible at the end of any 5 year term with at least 6 months advance written notice.

The District implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended September 30, 2021 and used the payment schedule set out by the leases to value the initial lease receivable and deferred outflows. The District also used the estimated incremental borrowing rate to value the initial lease receivable and deferred outflows since the lease did not contain an implicit borrowing rate. The District is at lease reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise all 4 of the stated options for renewal.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District received \$47,239 in lease revenue and \$18,730 in lease interest revenues. Future payments due under non-cancelable lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Р	rincipal	1	nterest		Total
9/30/2023	\$	39,308	\$	16,688	\$	55,996
9/30/2024		39,445		14,866		54,310
9/30/2025		34,879		13,021		47,900
9/30/2026		29,479		11,117		40,596
9/30/2027		13,509		10,491		24,000
Thereafter	-,	213,496		64,504	_	278,000
	\$	370,116	\$	130,686	\$	500,802

## **NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES**

During the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to various claims and threatened litigation. The District maintains liability insurance in amounts it deems sufficient to cover any potential claims against District assets resulting from litigation.

## NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As disclosed in Note 11, the District has entered into a lease with Calhoun County for its operations facility. The details of said leases are disclosed in Note 11.

## NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through July 27, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Dudgatas	I Amounto	Actual A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
Name		Buugeleu	Alliounts				•
Minesh/Meless-Alabama 11 Beard   \$ 2,341,179   \$ 2,341,715   \$ - \$ 2,343,775   \$ - \$ 2,343,775   \$ - \$ 2,058		Original	Final		(Proprietary)	Total	(Negative)
Contractual - Orber   120,797   120,797   20,814   51,899   72,683   (48,114)   Contractual - Orber   120,797   120,797   20,814   51,899   72,683   (48,114)   Contractual - Orber   1,000   1,000   40   40   40   (960)   Sale of Non-Capital Assets		\$ 2,341,139	\$ 2,341,139	\$ 2,343,775	\$ -	\$ 2,343,775	\$ 2,636
Contractual - Other	Contractual - Dispatch Services	711,034	711,034	711,034	=	711,034	*
Other   Sale of Non-Capital Assets   1,000		120,797	120,797	20,814	51,869	72,683	(48,114)
Sale of Non-Capital Assets   1,000							
State Chart Newsmale   10.300		1,000			-		
Salarie of Salarie   Sal	·	-	· ·		9 <del>8</del> ))		
Self-371   Self-374   12,101   12,005		004.044	924 044	10,320	846,773		
B91,377   B91,374   12,101		•		Page 1	Sugar groups	M Cha	•
B91,377   B91,374   12,101	•	·		970	3.294	<b>3</b> ,391	
B91,377   B91,374   12,101				34.	448.8/m -	ą -	(24,847)
B91,377   B91,374   12,101				187	K, TON D.	18	
Total Revenues	Research upite records transcripts			12,101	850.06/	862,168	
Personnel   Administrative   Salaries and Wages   705,460   705,460   602,720   145,928   746,648   (43.18)   Salaries and Wages   705,460   12,640   13,649   7,306   20,955   (43.16)   Referent   36,363   36,363   49,310   21,777   71,087   (34.724)   Health Insurance   82,066   82,065   55,900   15,796   71,686   10,580   Life Insurance   954   954	Total Revenues	4,064,341	4,064,341	3,087,724	901,936	3,989,660	(74,681)
Personnel   Administrative   Salaries and Wages   705,460   705,460   602,720   145,928   746,648   (43.18)   Salaries and Wages   705,460   12,640   13,649   7,306   20,955   (43.16)   Referent   36,363   36,363   49,310   21,777   71,087   (34.724)   Health Insurance   82,066   82,065   55,900   15,796   71,686   10,580   Life Insurance   954   954	EXPENDITURES				12554	ange	1837
Salaries and Wages   705,460   705,460   602,720   145,928   748,648   (45,188)							
Salanes and Wages   12,640   12,640   13,649   7,306   20,955   (8,315)			705 400	200 700	445.000	740 640	(//3 188)
Redirement   S8 ,383				· ·			
Health Insurance							
Peter   Pete		,	•				
Employer Social Security		· ·	•		·	,	
Employer Medicare 10,229 10,229 13,170 1,997 15,167 (4,988) FUTA 1616 1616 1616 1544 72 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12				51.738	8,672	60,410	(16,671)
FUTA SUTA  8616 B16 B16 B17 B217A B2			•	,		15,167	(4,938)
SUTA   2,376   2,376   2,60   - 260   2,116     894,442   894,442   894,442   787,291   201,476   988,767   (94,325)     Dispatch   Salaries and Wages   1,098,499   1,098,499   926,367   - 926,367   172,132     Overtime   59,529   59,529   137,179   - 137,179   (77,650)     Retirement   46,566   46,566   12,093   - 12,093   34,473     Health Insurance   187,646   187,546   171,907   - 171,1907   15,639     Life Insurance   2,429   2,429   848   - 848   1,581     Employer Social Security   68,107   66,107   43,668   - 43,668   24,439     Employer Medicare   15,928   15,928   18,874   - 8,874   7,054     Employer Medicare   1,568   1,568   1,868   1,800   - 1,800   (232)     SUTA   1,668   1,568   1,568   1,800   - 1,800   (232)     SUTA   1,486,220   1,486,220   1,305,267   - 1,305,267   180,953     Contractual   Accounting   8,500   8,500   2,034   - 2,513   3,517     Accounting   8,500   8,500   2,034   - 2,034   6,468     Legal Counsel   17,000   17,000   7,969   - 7,969   9,031     29-1-1- Consultant   4,000   4,000   24,000   - 24,000   (20,000)     Communications Consultant   4,500   4,500   4,600   - 4,600   (100)     Lifer Personnel Expenditures   1,000   1,000   - 7   - 1,000     Employee-One Time Pay Increase   61,500   61,500   10,100   - 10,100   55,400     College Counsel   2,527,662   2,527,662   2,545,515   20,376   2,556,891   170,777     College Counting   2,527,662   2,527,662   2,545,515   20,376   2,556,891   170,777     Computer-Aided Dispatch   60,000   60,000   68,462   - 68,462   63,462					470		
Dispatch   Selaries and Wages   1,098,499   1,098,499   926,367   - 926,367   172,132   Covertime   59,529   59,529   137,179   - 137,179   (77,650)					201.476		
Salaries and Wages         1,998,499         1,098,499         926,367         -         926,367         172,132           Overtime         59,529         59,529         59,529         137,179         -         137,179         (77,650)           Refirement         46,566         46,566         12,093         -         12,093         34,473           Health Insurance         187,546         187,546         171,907         -         171,907         15,638         1,581           Life Insurance         2,429         2,429         848         -         848         1,581           Employer Social Security         68,107         66,107         43,668         -         43,668         24,439           Employer Medicare         15,928         15,928         8,874         -         8,674         7,054           FUTA         1,668         1,568         1,588         1,800         -         1,800         (232)           SUTA         1,668         3,508         8,500         2,034         -         2,531         3,517           Accounting         8,500         8,500         2,04         -         2,034         6,466           Accounting         8,500         8,500	Dispotch	001,112	00 1, 1 1	,			
Overtime         59,529         59,529         137,179         - 137,179         (77,650)           Refirement         46,566         46,566         12,093         - 12,093         34,473           Health Insurance         187,546         187,546         171,907         - 171,907         15,639           Life Insurance         2,429         2,429         848         - 848         1,581           Employer Social Security         68,107         68,107         43,668         - 43,668         24,439           Employer Medicare         15,928         15,928         8,874         - 8,874         7,054           EUTA         1,568         1,568         1,568         1,560         - 1,800         (232)           SUTA         6,048         6,048         2,531         - 2,251         3,517           Accounting         8,500         8,500         2,034         - 2,034         6,468           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         - 7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         - 7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         1,000         4,000         2,000         300         - 7,969         <	•	1,098,499	1,098,499	926,367	*	926,367	,
Retirement	9			137,179	₽		, , ,
Part		46,566	46,566	12,093	5	•	· ·
Employer Social Security         68,107         66,107         43,668         - 43,668         24,398           Employer Medicare         15,928         1,5928         8,874         - 8,874         7,054           FUTA         1,568         1,568         1,600         - 2,531         3,517           SUTA         6,048         6,048         2,531         - 2,531         3,517           Contractual           Accounting         8,500         8,500         2,034         - 2,034         6,468           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         - 7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         17,000         4,000         24,000         - 24,000         (20,000)           9-1-1- Consultant         4,000         4,000         24,000         - 7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         - 7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         4,000         4,600         24,000         - 24,000         (20,000)           9-1-1- Consultant         45,000         45,000         12,954         900         13,854         31,146           Information Technology Consultant         45,000         4,	Health Insurance	187,546		· ·	€	,	
Employer Medicare         15,928         15,928         8,874         -         8,874         7,054           FUTA         1,568         1,568         1,800         -         1,800         (232)           SUTA         6,048         6,048         2,531         -         2,531         3,517           SUTA         1,486,220         1,486,220         1,305,267         -         1,305,267         180,953           Contractual           Accounting         8,500         8,500         2,034         -         2,034         6,466           Accounting         8,500         8,500         2,034         -         2,034         6,466           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         -         7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         17,000         17,000         7,969         -         7,969         9,031           Legal Counsel         4,000         4,000         24,000         -         24,000         22,000           9-1-1 Consultant         2,500         2,500         300         -         300         12,954         900         13,854         31,146           Information Technology Consultant         45,00	Life Insurance				5.		
Furname				•	× ×		
SUTA 6,048 6,048 2,531 - 2,531 3,517  1,486,220 1,486,220 1,305,267 - 1,305,267 180,953    Contractual					-		
1,486,220			·				
Accounting	SUTA				•		
Legal Counsel   17,000   17,000   7,969   - 7,969   9,031	Contractual						0.400
9-1-1- Consultant 4,000 4,000 24,000 - 24,000 (20,000)  9-1-1- Consultant 2,500 2,500 300 - 300 2,200  Information Technology Consultant 45,000 45,000 12,954 900 13,854 31,146  Human Resources Consultant 4,500 4,500 4,600 - 4,600 - 4,600 (100)  81,500 81,500 51,857 900 52,757 28,743  Other Personnel Expenditures  Employee Physicals 1,000 1,000 1,000 (7,100)  Pre-employment Testing 3,000 3,000 10,100 - 10,100 (7,100)  Employee-One Time Pay Increase 61,500 65,500 10,100 - 10,100 55,400  Total Personnel Expenditures  CPE Equipment Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch 84,000 84,000 - 56,034 56,034 27,966  Eventide Logging Recorder 215,000 215,000 10,250 - 10,250 204,750  Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 68,462 - 68,462 (8,462)  ESRI GIS 19,000 19,000 20,788 - 20,788 (1,788)	Accounting	· ·			-		,
Communications Consultant   2,500   2,500   300   - 300   2,200		· ·			=		
Information Technology Consultant		,					
Human Resources Consultant							
Note   Personnel Expenditures   Secondaria					300		
Employee Physicals	Human Resources Consultant				900		
Pre-employee Physicals Pre-employment Testing Employee-One Time Pay Increase 61,500 65,500 65,500 65,500 10,100 - 10,100 55,400  Total Personnel Expenditures 2,527,662 2,527,662 2,154,515 202,376 2,356,891 170,771  Operational CPE Equipment Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch Eventide Logging Recorder 215,000 215,000 215,000 10,250 215,000 10,250 - 56,034 27,966 Eventide Logging Recorder Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 60,000 68,462 68,462 68,462 68,462 ESRI GIS	Other Personnel Expenditures						4.000
Employee-One Time Pay Increase 61,500 65,500 65,500 10,100 - 10,100 55,400  Total Personnel Expenditures 2,527,662 2,527,662 2,154,515 202,376 2,356,891 170,771  Operational CPE Equipment Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch Eventide Logging Recorder 215,000 215,000 215,000 10,250 - 10,250 204,750 Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 68,462 68,462 68,462 68,462 ESRI GIS							
Employee-One Time Pay increase 65,500 65,500 10,100 - 10,100 55,400  Total Personnel Expenditures 2,527,662 2,527,662 2,154,515 202,376 2,356,891 170,771  Operational  CPE Equipment  Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch 84,000 84,000 - 56,034 27,966  Eventide Logging Recorder 215,000 215,000 10,250 - 10,250 204,750  Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 68,462 - 68,462 (8,462)  ESRI GIS 19,000 19,000 20,788 - 20,788 (1,788)				10,100		10,100	
Total Personnel Expenditures         2,527,662         2,527,662         2,154,515         202,376         2,356,891         170,771           Operational           CPE Equipment           Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch         84,000         -         56,034         27,966           Eventide Logging Recorder         215,000         215,000         10,250         -         10,250         204,750           Computer-Aided Dispatch         60,000         60,000         68,462         -         68,462         (8,462)           ESRI GIS         19,000         19,000         20,788         -         20,788         (1,788)	Employee-One Time Pay Increase			10 100		10 100	
CPE Equipment         Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch       84,000       -       56,034       27,966         Eventide Logging Recorder       215,000       215,000       10,250       -       10,250       204,750         Computer-Aided Dispatch       60,000       60,000       68,462       -       68,462       (8,462)         ESRI GIS       19,000       19,000       20,788       -       20,788       (1,788)	Total Personnel Expenditures						
Airbus Vesta 9-1-1 Phone Switch     84,000     84,000     -     56,034     56,034     27,966       Eventide Logging Recorder     215,000     215,000     10,250     -     10,250     204,750       Computer-Aided Dispatch     60,000     60,000     68,462     -     68,462     (8,462)       ESRI GIS     19,000     19,000     20,788     -     20,788     -     20,788	Operational						
Eventide Logging Recorder 215,000 215,000 10,250 - 10,250 204,750 Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 68,462 - 68,462 (8,462) ESRI GIS 19,000 19,000 20,788 - 20,788 (1,788)			0.1.000		E0.004	EE 024	27 066
Computer-Aided Dispatch 60,000 60,000 68,462 - 68,462 (8,462) ESRI GIS 19,000 19,000 20,788 - 20,788 (1,788)					56,034		
ESRI GIS 19,000 19,000 20,788 20,788 (1,788)		· ·	•		27 34		·
ESKI GIO 10 100 10 100 20 864	·		•				(1,788)
				,	×		

## CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

						Variance with
	D. J. Atad A		Actual A	mounte		Final Budget
	Budgeted A	mounts	Calhoun	NEARCS		Positive
	Original	Final	County 911	(Proprietary)	Total	(Negative)
	418,000	418,000	109,636	56,034	165,670	252,330
Selective Routing						
PSAP Data Service	70,000	70,000	220,040	<b>14</b> 1	220,040	(150,040)
911 Service Extra Line	7,000	7,000	10,982		10,982	(3,982)
	77,000	77,000	231,022	150	231,022	(154,022)
Telephone Equipment & Maintenance	6,001	6,001	10,457	(a)	10,457	(4,456)
Radio Equipment & Maintenance						22 225
Infrastructure Response, Repair, Support	130,000	130,000	13,305	50,070	63,375	66,625
Motorola Network Monitoring	35,000	35,000	892	12,947	13,839	21,161
Motorola Dispatch Services	34,000	34,000	4,598	40.440	4,598	29,402 5,281
Microwave	32,000	32,000	13,300	13,419	26,719 29,342	10,658
Emergency Power Systems	40,000	40,000	9,885	19,457	29,342 616	4,384
Road/Right of Way/Groundskeeping	5,000	5,000	216	400	1,406	5,594
Batteries	7,000	7,000	Fr.	1,406	72,019	(7,019)
Utilities	65,000	65,000	UP 171	2,875	72,019 2,875	21,125
Preventative/Tower Climbs/Emergency	24,000	24,000	For Disc	Z,010 A	A E 1 717	5,253
Insurance	60,000	60,000	Š	558 54,141	9 54,747	8,500
Land Leases	8,500	8,500	3/4/	/9C+ /19,660	3,974 005(9,660	16,026
Equipment/Spares/Parts	20,000	20,000	2,116	1,858-1,	3,974	(7,660)
Technical Equipment & Supplies	12,000	12,000		19,660	9/3/000	19,000
Miscellaneous	19,000	19,000		-101/16	14,187	1637
Licensing	7,500	7,500		2 8	4 407	7,500 1,413
Leased Lines	15,600	15,600	14,187	•	14,187	·
MCM/Genesis/Microsoft/SSL/ Licensing	47,000 561,600	47,000 561,600	58,499	248,858	307,357	<u>47,000</u> 254,243
Road Sign Expense	3,002	3,002	2,750	5	2,750	252
	-1	· ·				
Office Expenditures	50.000	20,000	E 400		5,123	14,877
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	5,123	8	1,200	250
Bank Charges	1,450	1,450	1,200	124	492	1,508
Postage	2,000	2,000	368	124	236	19,764
Tools/Equipment/Furniture	20,000	20,000	236		58,355	(38,355)
Computer Hardware/Software/Accessories	20,000	20,000	43,049	15,306	6,021	10,979
Maintenance and Repair	17,000 80,450	17,000 80,450	935 50,911	5,086 20,516	71,427	9,023
	·				71,976	2,424
Utilities	74,400	74,400	66,967	5,009	11,970	2,424
Supplies			0.550		0.550	(7,552)
Printing	2,000	2,000	9,552	3	9,552	18,920
General Office Supplies	20,000	20,000	1,080	•	1,080	5,375
Uniforms	5,375	5,375	10,632		10,632	16,743
	27,375	27,375	10,632	-	10,032	10,740
Building & Maintenance		00.000	40.004	0.704	51,082	38,918
Building Cost Share	90,000	90,000	48,381	2,701	990	14,010
Building Repair/Maintenance	15,000	15,000	718	272		52,928
	105,000	105,000	49,099	2,973	52,072	52,920
Other					0.046	(0.040)
Advertising	3,000	3,000	6,612	-	6,612	(3,612)
Insurance	73,000	73,000	39,229	-	39,229	33,771
Emergency Sustenance/Supplies	3,500	3,500	1,499		1,499	2,001
Map Department	100	100	2		=	100
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	3,338	=	3,338	(1,338)
LPFM Equipment/Services/Support	15,000	15,000	5,534		5,534	9,466
	96,600	96,600	56,212		56,212	40,388
Training & Education: Board		_				4 600
Registration	4,600	4,600		361	S#S	4,600 6,500
Travel & Lodging	6,500	6,500		:=1	~	6,500 2,500
Meals	2,500	2,500		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		13,600
	13,600	13,600	-	(=0)	:=:	10,000

## CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual A			Variance with Final Budget
			Calhoun	NEARCS		Positive
-	Original	Final	County 911	(Proprietary)	Total	(Negative)
Training & Education: Staff						
Registration	10,000	10,000	825	-	825	9,175
Travel and Lodging	14,000	14,000	1,845	: e:	1,845	12,155
Meals	5,000	5,000	4,590	759	5,349	(349)
Training & Professional Development	12,500	12,500	15,019	:#C	15,019	(2,519)
Dues & Subscriptions	3,500	3,500	2,954_		2,954	546_
-	45,000	45,000	25,233	759	25,992	19,008
Automobile				200		
Registration	1,200	1,200	556	9 6 942	556	644
Fuel, Maintenance & Repair	28,160	28,160	5,365	6,246	11,611	16,549
Vehicle Replacement	85,000	85,000	5,365 78,935	" (President)	78,935	6,065
	114,360	114,360	84,856	6,246	91,102	23,258
Capital Projects Dell M1000e Geo-Redundant High- Ayailability Central IT Core/Chassis	50,000	50,000	SU6)	901 To She	OOS96563	(25,553)
	30,000	30,000	5 748	10/1/2	5.748	(5,748)
CAD/RMS Software Replacement	18,000	18,000	9 896	12	9,896	8,104
LPFM Station	10,000	10,000	0,000		138.	i e
Access Control/CCTV Upgrades	91,000	91,000	- 3	142	8	91,000
Other -	159,000	159,000	91,197		91,197	67,803
	159,000	159,000	51,181		,	,
Depreciation Expense		740		73,315	73,315	(73,315)
Total Operational Expenditures	1,781,388	1,781,388	847,471	413,710	1,261,181	520,207
NET OPERATING INCOME	(244,709)	(244,709)	85,738	285,850	371,588	616,297
Other Income (Expense)						
Interfund Transfer		(5)		2		
Miscellaneous Income	€	47	14.	*	÷	7:
Interest Income	7,250	7,250	6,198	26,180	32,378	25,128
Principal on Long-Term Debt	(397,794)	(397,794)	(397,794)	#	(397,794)	
Interest Expense	(49,928)	(49,928)	(49,992)	2	(49,992)	(64)
Total Other Income (Expense)	(440,472)	(440,472)	(441,588)	26,180	(415,408)	25,064
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER)	(685,181)	(685,181)	(355,850)	312,030	(43,820)	641,361
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(003,101)	(000, (01)	(500,000)	=		

CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending September 30

2014	\$ 82,557	6 6	(108,630)	130,676 2,013,675 \$ 2,013,675	100,444,7	\$ 48,293 52,565 184,971	(108,630)	(2,774) 174,425	\$ 1,721,305	\$ 423.046		00.27%	29.91%
2015	\$ 74,525	13,552	(122,321)	132,411 2,144,351 \$ 2.276.762		\$ 63,404 74,357 22,453	(122,321)	364,880	1 1	D/S61 877	03.0	1 444 928	13.19%
2016	\$ 104,251 176,841	378,068 57,139	(132,500) 5,650	589,449 2,276,762 \$ 2,866,211		\$ 71,044 77,904 213,585	(132,500)	235,683	\$ 2,321,868	\$ 544,343	OC: 781.018	1,448,528	1008888218
2017	\$ 99,079 214,471	82,884	(197,690)	149,907 2,866,211 \$ 3,016,118		\$ 77,487 78,680 291,508	(197,690)	201,148	\$ 2,523,016	\$ 493,102	83.65%	1,471,685	33,51%
2018	\$ 90,772 228,846	(351,916) 18,493	(126,532)	(142,403) 3,016,118 \$ 2,873,715		\$ 59,989 81,855 234,112	(126,532)	247,358	\$ 2,770,374	\$ 103,341	96.40%	1,451,866	7.12%
2019	\$ 99,847	77,288	(177,069) 75,723	290,248 2,873,715 \$ 3,163,963		\$ 61,679 82,275 71,686	(177,069)	114,294	\$ 2,884,668	\$ 279,295	91.17%	1,459,890	19.13%
2020	\$ 107,680 237,613	(69,108)	(156,156)	3,163,963 \$ 3,294,479		\$ 45,648 78,649 164,228	(156,156) 10,487		\$ 3,027,524	266,955	91.90%	1,683,932	15.85%
2021	\$ 103,376 248,239 134,216	61,097 171,536	32,411	3,294,479		51,605 89,523 675,900	(141,200)	708,239	3,735,763	\$ 168,391	%69°56	1,833,149	9.19%
Total Pension Liability	s oected	and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including	retunds of employee contributions Transfers among employees Net changes in total pension liability	Total Pension Liability - beginning  Total pension liability - ending (a)	Plan fiduciaty net position	Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds	of employee contributions Transfers among employees Net changes in plan fiducing	ų,		Net Pension Liability (asset)-ending	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	Covered-employee payroll	Net pension liability (asset) as a percentae of covered-employee payroll

## CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT Schedeule of Employer Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending September 30

2015	66,282	66,282	٠	4.69%
	↔		s	
2016	58,775	58,775	,	4.07%
	↔		-γ-	
2017	94,473	94,473		6.52%
	ş		ς٠	
2018	74,116	74,116	1	5.04%
	↔		❖	
2019	64,676	64,676	-	4.45%
	↔		\$	
2020	74,548	74,548	ı	5.11%
			↔	
2021	91,403	91,403		5.43%
			⋄	
2022	71,001	71,001		3.87%
			ς.	
	Actuarialy determined contributions	Contributions in relation to the actuarily determinted contributions	Contribution deficiency (increase)	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarily determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fincal year in which contributions are reported.

Contributions for fiscal year 2022 were based on the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for the period October 1, 2020 to

September 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percent closed
Remaining amortization method	9.3 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 5.00%
Investment rate of return	7.70%

## CALHOUN COUNTY 911 DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

An annual budget is prepared for the District's general fund and adopted on the modified accrual basis. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a budget comparison be presented for special revenue funds if a budget is legally adopted. Such presentations have not been made because the District has no special revenue fund for this fiscal year. The Board of Commissioners approves each annual budget by resolution. Revisions to the budget must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Change Only



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Calhoun County 911 District
Jacksonville, Alabama
We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County 911 District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calhoun County 911 District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 26, 2022.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County 911 District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Calhoun County 911 District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gadsden, Alabama July 26, 2022 For Discussion Purposes Only